Date : November 16th, 2015

File Name : Kanatang-KII-male-11.16.2015

Duration : 57m57s

Location : Kanatang

Occp : Head of Subdistrict (Pakcam)

Jtt (Jtt)

**VERBAL CONSENT – PASSED**

Jtt : Ok, thank you Sir

Pakcam : yes

Jtt : I am sorry that we have to separate the interview

Pakcam : yes

Jtt : Because somehow you are her boss, so..

Pakcam : Well..technically yes..

Jtt : Ok...so i will ask you again about that verbal consent,do you agree with the verbal consent? That also stated that all the interview we recorded is classified as secret and won’t be use for other purpose

Pakcam : Yes..so

Jtt : so

Pakcam : So i think i understand and i will follow the rules

Jtt : Oh..ok

Pakcam : That you already made

Jtt : Oh ok...then we can start the interview

Jtt : Ok...thank you for the opportunity Sir, so you work in Kanatang?

Pakcam : yes

Jtt : As?

Pakcam : The head of subdistrict

Jtt : Ok...the head of subdistrict

Pakcam : Yes...yes

Jtt : So the main goal of this research are to understand the barriers and opportunities for women

Pakcam : Yes...yes

Jtt : Regarding health concerns, malaria and mosquito control

Pakcam : yes

Jtt : And to identify potential strategies for accelerating involvement of women in sustained support for malaria control interventions

Pakcam : Yes yes

Jtt : So what activities do women in your community participate in?

Pakcam : so

Jtt : What groups they are into

Pakcam : So in general

Jtt : yes

Pakcam : Well...the women here in Kanatang

Jtt : yes

Pakcam : Basically they are housewives or working mothers, so the main activity is taking care the family

Jtt :But do they participate in some groups?

Pakcam : Yes they participate in PKK, in the village they also participate in posyandu and some...

Jtt : Is there any agricultural production groups?

Pakcam : Yes they also participate in agricultural production groups

Jtt : I see..so agricultural production groups

Pakcam : yes

Jtt : What kind of agicultural production?

Pakcam : vegetables

Jtt : I see...vegetables

Pakcam : Ah yes

Jtt : How about social gatherings?

Pakcam : Yeah...social gatherings yes.. but i do not think there many of them join in

Jtt : Oh...so there are not so many of the women who participate in informal gatherings

Pakcam : Maybe in town women participate more in many social gatherings but in the village they tend to participate in some culture events

Jtt : I see..don’t they join some micro-credit organizations?

Pakcam : There are a micro-credit organization from PNPM in every village

Jtt : So they participate in that?

Pakcam : yes

Jtt : How about posyandu? Is there any posyandus here?

Pakcam : yes

Jtt : Are they become kader as well?

Pakcam : Yes..they are posyandu kaders in most villages and also participate in micro-credits organization, the get the financial capital from the government

Jtt : Oh i see...so it is just like the SMART program then

Pakcam : Yeah and Anggur Merah program

Jtt : Yeah Anggur Merah and SMART programs

Pakcam : PNPM is already 6 years here

Jtt : Oh yeah

Pakcam : So i think the women have many groups to participate in

Jtt : How do women decide which activities to participate in?

Pakcam : In the beginning there was a socialization to ask them make some groups

Jtt : hmm

Pakcam : So they make some women groups and participate in it

Jtt : Are there any criterias? Or?

Pakcam : Yeah there are some criterias... i mean how they prepare the groups for the aid, what kind of work that they do, some criterias like that

Jtt : Hmm...how about the criterias of being a kader?are there any? Or you youself choose them to be a kader?

Pakcam :To become a posyandu kader, some health officers from puskesmas who facilitate them to be kaders

Jtt : Yes...as a kader

Pakcam : That is why when you want to be a kader, you need willingness, sincerity..you see they do not get paid for it..it there is any money, it is for their service to community

Jtt : Oh i see so that is how the get involve then

Pakcam : yes

Jtt : Or they particapate in those activities because of their friends? Their friends ask them to participate in

Pakcam : Yeah it could be..i mean they feel that it is their responsibility to care for the community. It is like a calling to do that

Jtt : So are these volunteer positions?

Pakcam : Yeah they works as volunteers

Jtt : No paid?

Pakcam : They do not get paid

Jtt : But are there paid positions Sir?

Pakcam : No, it is not a fixed incentives, only operational expenses/ both in villages and town there are such expenses like that

Jtt : How much?

Pakcam : In the village it is Rp 1,500,000 and for the regency it is Rp 1,200,000

Jtt : And that is per?

Pakcam : year

Jtt : Each year?

Pakcam : Yeah each year

Jtt : Per person?

Pakcam : yes

Pakcam : Per year per..

Jtt : Oh..per

Pakcam : posyandu

Jtt : Per posyandu

Pakcam : yes

Jtt : In one posyandu usually have 5 kaders?

Pakcam : Yes..yes

Jtt : So just five of them then

Pakcam : Yeah the money for transportation and to buy stationeries

Jtt : Oh ya...

Jtt : Well..are women selected for these positions?

Pakcam : They have selection in the village based on...i mean the abililty to be a kader in a village

Jtt : What are the criterias in general?

Pakcam : a criteria pertama dia punya waktu, ya mungkin dari sisi pendidikan bisa memahami ya timbang menimbang dan lain sebagainya, karena akan di apa istilahnya, di bekali juga oleh istilahnya BPM atau dinas kesehatan, untuk dilatih juga menjadi kader.

First criteria is she should have time to do it, well..at least she has enough education..for weighing and kind of..they also get trained by BPM or Health Department, training to be a kade

Jtt : So what are the benefits for the women to join in those activities?

Pakcam : Oh yeah...as for the advantages.. i guess they are happy to serve the community..help others although they do not get paid for it

Jtt : So they are willing to do it

Pakcam : Yeah they think that they are part of the society tht is why they do not count for the financial advantages

Jtt : Ok...so you are a leader here, right Sir?

Pakcam : Yes...yes

Jtt : As a leader in your community, what steps did you have to take to become a leader?

Pakcam : So..yeah..as a leader it is my job to facilitate and urge the community to get involved in community-based activities

Jtt : yes

Pakcam : It is for the sake of our family and society

Jtt : So..how do you get here? In this position?

Pakcam : Well..to be in this position there are some certain assessment criterias from the government. So basically they choose for the person

Jtt : Oh i see

Pakcam : So i got chose based on those criterias

Jtt : How long have you been a head of Kanatang subdistrict Sir?

Pakcam : 4 years

Jtt : So it has been 4 years

Pakcam : yes

Jtt : So maybe it’s your visions and missions that make you as a leader here

Pakcam : Yeah, as for us..in civil servant there are some certain career level and there are many assessments based on experiences, loyality, and so on... i mean you see there are thousand of civil servants here that is why we have a natural selection and assessments from our leaders

Jtt : So, how do you think for the women groups? They also have leaders, right? How come they reach the position as a leader? Like example the kaders leader?

Pakcam : yeah

Jtt : So how does it happen? How come someone can be a women leader in her organization?

Pakcam : Well..to be a leader in any level of organization it has to be through process, i mean from every meeting or assessments from the community she should be able to take a lead, it is also a natural selection as well as to consider her education, her involvements, her activities in community. The activity level to always come in a meeting also one of the criteria here in a village

Jtt : So the community judgements are important

Pakcam : yes

Jtt : What problems did you encounter as a leader in Kanatang?

Pakcam : Yeah..as for general problems particularly for women or in general in Kanatang, i think it is about the availability of food, employment..sort of thing...because you see here is so dry and some regions only survive in rainfall and that becomes a problem in activities

Jtt : So natural barriers

Pakcam : Yeah..

Jtt : So natural obstacles

Pakcam : yes

Jtt : Other than that, are there any culture barriers?

Pakcam : Yeah..as we know that somen cannot fully involve in some cultural activities

Jtt : Oh...they do not involve in it?

Pakcam : There are some parts thay they cannot

Jtt : So what you mean by not fully involve, i guess regarding in making some decisions?

Pakcam : Yeah..there are also some possiblities in their presence in cultural events..they are not there

Jtt : I see

Pakcam : yeah

Jtt : In quantities you mean?

Pakcam : Yeah...for examples for some events, the men are 20 persons while women are only 2 or 3 persons

Jtt : I see

Pakcam : If there are some invitations fro a meeting here, they also get the invitation but because she is so busy she could not come

Jtt : Taking care other things

Pakcam : Yeah that is why the presence of women is not ...

Jtt : Then what makes them finally show up?

Pakcam : Well...the women finally show maybe because their families let them, i mean she finally participate because her husband let her

Jtt : I see

Pakcam : Sometimes the husband asks his wife to do something else. He will represents the family in those events

Jtt : So when she finally come it means that her husband let her

Pakcam : Yes, if the husband agrees that her wife can show up

Jtt : Did they encourage the women to come to events like that?

Pakcam : yes

Jtt : They ask the women to join?

Bapak : yes

Jtt : So they encourage the women?

Pakcam : yes

Jtt : To join

Pakcam : Yeah it means that they both agree about it, whether he lets her join or not

Jtt : So, you as a part of local government, do you encourage women to participate in those groups?

Pakcam : Yes, we always invite them equally, both men and women. It just that the percentage shows that men attend the meeting more than women

Jtt : So the women stay at home taking care the children

Pakcam : Yeah, the women have another things to do in family

Jtt : I see..so..

Pakcam : It does not mean that we do not invite them, we still invite them as well

Jtt : Oh ok...

Jtt : So this is about decision making, what are the barriers to women’s participation in work or community-related activities?

Pakcam : Yes..yes

Jtt : Maybe you have other factors?

Jtt : Like culture or..

Pakcam : yes

Jtt : Or gender roles..or..

Pakcam : Well i think the barriers for women to participate in those activities are mostly because of socio-cultural factors

Jtt : Hmm...

Pakcam : And also the lack of education and networking so they do not get used to participate in those activities

Jtt : How about the young generation? Young women? How about them? Are they interested in or there are also some barriers for them to participate in such activities?

Pakcam : As for young women who has not been married yet, nothing can hold them back

Jtt : hmmm

Pakcam : So they are actively involved except there is something else to do

Jtt : But do they get the invitation as well?

Pakcam : Yes yes...we invite them if there are some activities

Jtt : So which one show the enthusiasm when they got the invitation? The young women or?

Pakcam : Yes yes the young ones, because they have flexible time

Jtt : oh

Pakcam : Because you know, for married women, they should arrange time for family and social activities

Jtt : So for the households around here...

Pakcam : Yes?

Jtt : What factors allow some women to have more authority to make decisions in their household?

Pakcam : I guess it is kind of privacy for that

Jtt : hmmm

Pakcam : Because it is in their households

Yei : yes

Pakcam : But from what i know when you are already married, you have the authority to make decisions

Jtt : So women have the authority

Pakcam : To decide, yes...not only their husbands

Jtt : I see, so there is no way only the husband make a decision

Pakcam : Yes, that is what i think

Jtt : So in a family, women also have authorities...

Pakcam : Yes yes...at least she can tell or at least invite

Jtt : yes

Pakcam : When they want to do something, women mut have role in it

Jtt : So what factors allow some women to have authority to make decision?

Pakcam : yes

Jtt : Anthing related to ages?

Pakca : yes

Jtt : Or education? Or what?

Pakcam : Oh well...i think in a household it depends on the need to make decision, i mean..of course she has right to make decision

Jtt : Yes yeah...

pakcam : so i am sure in her family, she definitely has an authority to make decision

Jtt : yes

pakcam : that is what i think

Jtt : Do most of the women here have their own income?

Pakcam : Well..the women here depend on their..

Jtt : Oh...so they depend on...

Pakcam : yeah

Jtt : Husband, as the head of a family

Pakcam : Although they both work in a rice fields or anything but the husband always take control

Jtt : I see

Pakcam : That is what happened here

Jtt : But is there any factors that allow women to have more authority to make decision? Factors that make them brave enough to decide something

Pakcam : Well...maybe women have more authorities in the term of education and health

Jtt : I see...

Pakcam : Yeah because women always take care her children needs so..

Jtt : So..they have more authorities in education and health

Pakcam : Yeah without waiting for her husband, she already knows it

Jtt : I see...so in education and health

Pakcam : Yeah..yes

Jtt : And they usually..

Pakcam : Not waiting for her husband’s decision

Jtt : Not waiting...

Pakcam : But in economic and socio-cultural, they always wait for the husband’s decisions

Jtt : Do you think women can also have authority in cultural activities?

Pakcam : no no. no no no

Jtt : So no?

Pakcam : No..never

Jtt : Because it is in my men’s hands

Pakcam : yes

Jtt : Not a chance?

Pakcam : No..because in cultural events like that men always have to compromise and thinking about the whole cultural values

Jtt : yeah

Jtt : So, do you think access to medical care is equal for everyone in your community?

Pakcam : Yeah..for all the region here we provide the facilities to they can access to medical care

Jtt : I see

Bapak : But from service side, we still have problem with the availability of health officers

Jtt : Lack of health officers?

Pakcam : Yeah, especially in remote villages

Jtt : I see

Pakcam : Sometimes in a village it is only one health officer and he even does not regularly serve the community

Jtt : So what is the biggest reason for such thing to happen?

Pakcam : Well...there are also lack of health officers in health department and also for the placement

Jtt : Not equally distributed?

Pakcam : Yeah the placement is not equally distributed and also the lack of commitment to serve the community

Jtt : So they spend most of the time in town?

Pakcam : Yeah...they just go back to the village whenever they feel like it

Jtt : And as the community, do they realize that they have access to medical care?

Pakcam : Yes but like i told you before, when they need the access to medical care, it is a problem with..

Jtt : The health officer is not there

Pakcam : Yeah based on the information, when they go to there, the person is out town

Jtt : I see

Pakcam : Yeah..that is what happened here

Pakcam : We have some problems like that...maybe it takes time

Jtt : yeah

Pakcam : Maybe..

Jtt : Do you think the access of clean water or the access to electricity that make the health officers do not feel at ease there? Or what?

Pakcam : Yeah that is also a problem especially with the electricity. As for water, most of the people there have access to clean water, it just the electricity that can cause a problem

Jtt : I see..so this is about health concern..what is the primary health concern in your community?

Pakcam : Well...for health concerns, i think in this community we still face a problem with cleaning environment...yeah that is the first thing...a cleaning environment

Jtt : yeah

Pakcam : Yeah i think that is the main health concerns here

Jtt : I see

Pakcam : The second one is water..access to clean water. You see, here is just some places that have clean water and also the availability of toilets

Jtt : Don’t everybody have toilets at their houses?

Pakcam : Not everybody, not yet

Jtt : Oh...not all of them have toilets

Pakcam : Yeah not all of them

Jtt : So in what villages that most of the people do not have toilet?

Pakcam : In 4 villages and only one village, Kuta, declare that all the households have toilets

Jtt : I see

Pakcam : The other four do not declare it

Jtt : I see

Jtt : How many the percentage in each village that does not have toilet?

Pakca : Per village is under 50..30...20 percents...if you count in KKs, then for 300 KKs only 30 or 40 KKs have toilets

Jtt : The midwife in previous interview said that they have a ‘toilet program’

Pakcam : Yes ..yes

Jtt : But she said it is already 100% the households have toilet...maybe she refers to Kuta?

Pakcam : Yes, in Kuta. Only 1 village

Jtt : What can make the program in Kuta successful?

Pakcam : Well...the program in Kuta is success because of the head village and his teams..they supervise the program each day

Jtt : I see

Pakcam : Yeah to encourage them

Jtt : So the Kuta head village is man?

Pakcam : Yes, a man...and he is a very strict person

Jtt : I see

Pakcam : He supervises them when they make the toilets

Jtt : Yes..

Bapak : So in one month they make all the toilets

Jtt : How many toilets they make?

Pakcam : 100 toilets more or less...because there are 200 toilets already

Jtt : So..the main problems are access to clean water and the cleaning environment

Pakcam : yes

Jtt : So those are the main problems in your comunity

Pakcam : yes

Jtt : It is about sanitation

Pakcam : Yeah..environmental sanitation

Jtt : Are the concerns different for adults versus children? Maybe for the children they easily get certain diseases which are different from the adults

Pakcam : If you compare their ages and stamina then it should be different concerns between adults and children. For the children, they are tend to have a seasonal health concerns like diarhea, as for the adults they tend to have cold and cough..yeah sort of like that

Jtt : So those are the health concerns for children

Pakcam : Yeah...and the concerns are different between adults and children

Jtt : How big a concern is malaria for your community? Is the level here increasing or decreasing?

Pakcam : I haven’t checked the datas in puskesmas though but we do not have many malaria cases as well

Jtt : So you never heard any of malaria cases recently

Pakcam : yeah

Jtt : But do you think it is still a big concern in your community?

Pakcam : Yes..we in kanatang is in region that they call as “prevention area”

Jtt : Prevention area

Pakcam : Yeah prevention area, that is why they distribute the mosquito bednets and fogging

Jtt : So..fogging

Pakcam : So it always...

Jtt : Oh so...

Pakcam : Still a big concern

Jtt : I see

Pakcam : Yeah particularly here in Temu region..not in other villages, mostly here

Jtt : So the local government involve in this activities?

Pakcam : Yes, in this prevention activities..we give them education, mosquito bednets distribution, fogging

Jtt : So you ever did the fogging here?

Bapak : yes

Jtt : When did you do it?

Pakcam : Every year, i mean we just started to do the fogging this year here in Temu region

Jtt : So..when you do the fogging, is it only in the house or all of the surrounding?

Pakcam : We do the fogging not only in the house but also the surroundings, bushes, trees..banana trees

Jtt : So you fogging all the area

Pakcam : yes

Jtt : I see

Pakcam : yeah

Jtt : Did you do the education for all people here?

Pakcam : yes

Jtt : In the terms of controlling the malaria

Pakcam : Yes..we used to have..

Jtt : Is there any program like Friday Clean here Sir?

Pakcam : Oh yea we have that program here, it used to clean public facilities

Jtt : I see

Pakcam : yeah

Clean the offices, roads...we ask the community to join together in Friday Clean

Jtt : So when you ask them to join in, do you join?

Pakcam : Yes of course..we together clean the neighborhood, clean the public facilities..we always ask them to participate

Jtt : From your experiences, from what you have learned, how do people in your community think they get malaria?

Pakcam: : Well.. i think actually the people do not exactly where the malaria comes from..

Jtt : Then?

Pakcam : Everytime they get sick

Jtt : They check

Pakcamd : They check the malaria

Jtt : So they do not know that they get malaria because of mosquitoes? Or do they?

Pakcam : Ah..not all of them know it

Jtt : I see...so not all of them

Pakcam : Most of them actually do not know about it

Jtt : So how do they know malaria? Do they know “if i sit next to you, i can get malaria too”? do they have that kind of understanding or what?

Pakcam : Oh no

Jtt : So they do not know then

Pakcam : I mean they just live their live as they used to

Jtt : hmm

Pakcam : I mean they do not think that way...they keep the mosquito away but they do not know about the disease

Jtt : I see

Pakcam : Wheh they check it to health center then they know it is malaria

Jtt : Oh yes..yes...

Jtt : What are some things that women could do at the household level?

Pakcam : Yes?

Jtt : I mean what are some things that women could do at a household level and at a community level to reduce the burden of malaria in your community?

Pakcam : Yeah...i think they have done much with it.. with all the educations and informations they got

Jtt : Ohh they have done many things...who do the education for them?

Pakcam : When the health department want to do the education so local government here invite us all. It a big scale program when they have to distribute the mosquito bednets

Jtt : Yes..yes...so that was a big moment then

Pakcam : Yes...yes

Jtt : so

Pakcam : So that became a moment to ask the society and give education for them to use mosquito bednets as a prevention way

Jtt : I see

Pakcam : So we distribute the mosquito bednets

Jtt : yes

Pakcam : And also tell them how to use it, to wash it, to maintain it

Jtt : So you tell the ways to use it

Pakcam : Yes yes

Jtt : And what are some things that women could do at a household level?

Pakcam : As in a household, she can clean the house, clean the environment..for those who live near the to town, they have realized the importance to make the environment clean

Jtt : yes

Pakcam : But for rural areas, they still..

Jtt : They still??

Pakcam : Ah yeah

Jtt : not realize that it is important

Pakcam : Yeah..you see there are animals under their house

Jtt : I see

Pakcam : So it is about the house architecture too

Jtt : The house architecture

Pakcam : Yeah, especially in the village

Jtt : So what would be the role of your organization?

Pakcam : Yes?

Jtt : What would be the role of your organization in facilitating the involvement of women in mosquito control?

Pakcam : Well..as you know a government program so it runs hierarchical bottom-up approach

Jtt : yeah

Pakcam : Our role is to work together with puskesmas, with their technical officers

Jtt : Their kaders

Pakcam : Kaders will do the education and spread the informations in posyandu and in puskemas

Jtt : So are there community level changes to the local environment that would reduce the burden of malaria in your community?

Pakcam : yes

Jtt : With all the kaders that spread the informations and with the distribution of mosquito bednets, do you think there are some changes level in the community?

Pakcam : Yes of course, with all those efforts and activities, there would be some changes

Jtt : So there are community level changes

Pakcam : yes

Jtt : So what are those changes? Is it like cleaning the vegetation? Anything?

Pakcam : yes

Jtt : Draining ditches, throw...

Pakcam : Some garbages

Jtt : Garbages...or anyhting else?

Pakcam : Yeah one change that is see is this neighborhood

Jtt : yes

Pakcam : I mean they already start cleaning the environment, cleaning their houses

Jtt : yes

Pakcam : As for the garbage or the use of mosquito bednets, it has been...

Jtt : So they already did it

Pakcam : yeah

Jtt : Other than those activities...can you mention some other activities that they do?

Pakcam : Well... in the village there is also Friday Clean program so i think women are involved in that activity

Jtt : yeah

Pakcam : Yeah that activity

Jtt : When you do the Friday Clean program, do they know that it is to control malaria or they just think it is for cleaning only?

Pakcam :Well as the purpose of that activity is more to clean, to create a clean, comfortable environment

Jtt : So with all those activities, what are the key community level messages that you think are important for malaria prevention?

Pakcam : Yeah all the activities are for the community...we do it together and we get benefits together

Pakcam : So the main message for us is kep the environment clean and you will have a healthy life

Jtt : Healthy life

Pakcam : yeah

Jtt : so

Pakcam : About the disease, it is not for a particular disease, the most important is you live clean and healthy

Jtt : I see

Pakcam : As in general healthy living

Jtt : yes

Pakcam : So you have to keep the environment clean

Jtt : Are there certain families in the community who seem rarely or never have malaria?

Pakcam : Well..i think there are some families

Jtt : So there are

Pakcam : Probably yes

Jtt : There is always a posibility

Pakcam : Yes there is

Jtt : And why is it so?

Pakcam : Well one possibility is not because there are no mosquitoes around, but it because they have a clean environment so they used to have a healthy life as well. Maybe that is why they seem rarely have malaria

Jtt : So maybe they eat healthy food? A good nutrition?

Pakcam : Yeah there are many factors that contribute to it

Jtt : What are the strategies used in the community to reduce malaria?

Pakcam : Yeah as for the general strategies from government are mosquito bednets and fogging

Jtt : I see

Pakcam : yeah

Jtt : hmm

Pakcam : The third strategy is to ask them to clean the environment, clean the surroundings

Jtt : So you ask them

Pakcam : yes

Jtt : So you invite them all to participate in those activities

Pakcam : Yes, it is an invitation to them, a challenge to them

Jtt : And for the bednets, who distribute the bednets? Health department?

Pakcam : yes

Jtt : Do they distribute it themselves?

Pakcam : Yes, health department working together with kaders

Jtt : What role do women have in distributing mosquito bednets?

Pakcam : Well..they distribute the mosquito bednets in teams so of course women get involve in it, especially the kaders

Jtt : Oh i see..so the kaders play a big role here

Pakcam : Oh yes..kaders will provide the education at a time of distribution about best practices for hanging, cleaning, maintaning

Jtt : Oh so kaders do that

Pakcam : Yes yes kaders

Jtt : So there is somebody provide those education

Pakcam : yes

Jtt : So when they gather here the get the education first?

Pakcam : Yes...the community will get some introductory education from health department, accompanied by local government

Jtt : hmm

Pakcam : And they will come to one or two houses to do the pratices

Jtt : Ohh pratices

Pakcam : Yes so the other families can see and learn

Jtt : Yeah they can learn directly

Pakcam : Yeah...directly on that day

Jtt : How if the bednet is broken? Do they have to fix it themselves or?

Pakcam : Well..it has been reminded that they should maintain the mosquito bednets well because they are limited in numbers

Jtt : Do they get informed about how to maintain it?

Pakcam : Yeah just keep away from fire or sharp things

Jtt : And also that you should not lick the materials?

Pakcam : Yes yes that also because it contains chemicals..basically they tell everything they need to know about it

Jtt : So they told them

Pakcam : yes

Jtt : I see

Jtt : How about fogging? When the last time you have fogging here?

Pakcam : Usually we do the fogging in February or march, after the rainy season

Jtt : How about this year? Did you do the fogging this year?

Pakcam : Yes..yes we did. Here in kanatang, after the rainy season, around March,April, May

Jtt : yes

Jtt : So you do have Friday Clean program, right?

Pakcam : Yes..yes...

Jtt : So do you usually do the fogging after the rain season or before the rain season? So it is kind of mass environmental cleaning right?

Pakcam : We do it after the rainy season..like in May or June..because you see after rain usually the bushes and vegetations grow and somehow it makes the environment look dirty, so yeah..after the rainy season

Jtt : And for fogging...who do the fogging? Men or women?

Pakcam : men

Jtt : So men do the fogging. Do you ever have woman fogger?

Pakcam : No, i never seen woman fogger before

Jtt : So there is no woman fogger then

Pakcam : Yeah, as long as i know

Jtt : What do you think if women play a role in fogging?

Pakcam : Well.. i never think of it..i mean she will carry that heave equipment...

Jtt : Heavy equipment huh?

Pakcam : Yeah...i think you need to take into consideration for it..well..we never..

Jtt : Yes indeed...but do you think it is a problem if woman do that?

Pakcam : Yeah for me yes..but actually the women can also do it

Jtt : So they can do it?

Pakcam : They can carry it

Jtt : So you think if the equipment is smaller and lighter then women can do the fogging?

Pakcam : Yeah, i think so

Jtt : So they can?

Pakcam : They can carry it and operate the tool

Jtt : Yes...yess

Pakcam : It just that i used to see men do the fogging that is why it is a bid weird to see woman fogger

Jtt : What do women do in the community in reduce the burden of malaria?

Pakcam : Well..what they do in community...

Jtt : If there is any

Pakcam : I think it is related to what they do in their households

Jtt : So for example they have informal gatherings and they think of something they can do for the society

Pakcam : Well in the meantime i never think it works that way though

Jtt : Oh i see..so there are many methods to keep away the mosquitoes right?

Pakcam : yes

Jtt : Some of them using Baygon

Pakcam : Yes yes

Jtt : Or mosquito coils, right?

Pakcam : Yes yes

Jtt : If there is a new product to keep mosquito away, what role women can play? Are they willing to distribute it?

Pakcam : I guess so

Jtt : Or they just like “well i do not want to distribute it”

Pakcam : I think it is for good, for the community health so when we ask them to involve, they would love to do it as long as they get informed about those methods

Jtt : So they are willing to do it

Pakcam : Yes, i think so

Jtt : How do you make the women involve in this activity then?

Pakcam : So i will ask them to participate, at the fistr we can give an education to them

Jtt : The in the beginning you have change the mindset?

Pakcam : Yes..yes..you should explain what the reason to do it and what the benefits for them

Jtt : So why they want to participate?

Pakcam : I am sure about it that they definitely want to participate because it realated to the way they live their live. The problem is about the methods or the tools themselves whether they are easy to use or not

Jtt : So whose role it is to make them involve? What would be the role of your organization in facilitating the involvement of women in mosquito control?

Pakcam : I think it is our responsibility, all of us, as households, as loval government, as member of community. You cannot say it is only one man role, everybody should play a role, everybody should participate in. So we are all together should hink about a cleaning environment

Jtt : So to make a cleaning environment you need local government role as well

Pakcam : Yes, we can do the approach and invite people to participate in but we really need the involvement of every member of community

Jtt : I see

Pakcam : We should work together for this

Jtt : So..together

Pakcam : Yes..he community and government, because it has a large impact in life...yes

Jtt : So Sir?

Pakcam : Yes?

Jtt : maybe there are many ways to keep the mosquito away that maybe you have done here

Pakcam : Yes yes

Jtt : Not to kill the mosquitoes, but to keep those mosquitoes away

Pakcam : Yes yes..to keep them away

Jtt : So this is an example of mosquito repellent. This produst is currently for test purpose only and is not for sale

Pakcam : yes

Jtt : It is just a sample and is being tested in West Sumba. So the product is like this sheet

Pakcam : yes

Jtt : When you want to use it, you can open it here

Pakcam : So you open it

Jtt : Yes, like this

Pakcam : yes

Jtt : When it open, you see a small white dot in the middle

Pakcam : White dot

Jtt : Yes this white dot

Pakcam : Ok...

Jtt : That is where the chemical is... it can be hung on the wall and please put it in a higher place so children cannot easily reach for it

Pakcam : Ok, so they cannot touch it

Jtt : Yes, it cannot easily reach.. and you can hung it using a stapler, thumb tack, nail on the wall

Pakcam : yes

Jtt : It can last for 2 until 4 weeks, so basically for 1 month use

Pakcam : Oh yeah

Jtt : It can be used to keep mosquito away

Pakcam : For a month

Jtt : Yes and it can effectively work in a 3x3 meter square space

Pakcam : Oh yeah

Jtt : Yeah effectively

Pakcam : So keep the mosquito away

Jtt : Keep he mosquito away

Pakcam : Without the mosquito bednet?

Jtt : You can still use the mosquito bednet

Pakcam : I see, still use the bednet

Jtt : Yeah.. you cannot be inside the bednets all day right?

Pakcam : yeah

Jtt : So when you are outside the mosquito bednet you can still have the protection

Pakcam : yes

Jtt : Yeah so you are still protected from the mosquito bite

Pakcam : Yes..yes..mosquito bite

Jtt : As for the price, well this is not for sale yet so..

Pakcam : yes

Jtt : So for the price...one sheet like this is Rp 2,000 and you can use it for a month

Pakcam : 1 month...yes..

Jtt : Yeah, we asked the women before about the price

Pakcam : yes

Jtt :Whether it is too expensive or what is the best price you think? What price is the best for them?

Pakcam : As for the community here the price Rp 2,000 is affordable. They can buy betel and nuts for Rp 20,000-Rp 30,000...they also buy cigarettes around Rp 20,000 per day then why can’t buy this for Rp 2,000 a month

Jtt : Yeah..so when all the community use this product..

Pakcam : All the society

Jtt : What would they do with this sheet after they use it?

Pakcam : Oh yeah because after you use it in a month you must throw it

Jtt : yeah

Pakcam : Well..the easist way here as well as in other region is burn it

Jtt : yes

Pakcam : You can burn it

Jtt : yeah

Pakcam : Gather tem with dry leaves and garbage then you can burn them all

Jtt : So you burn it..ok...

Jtt : Do you think it will cuse an environmental issue? Because it contains plastic

Pakcam : yeah

Jtt : And it is not decay, just like water bottles

Pakcam : Yeah those pastic water bottle

Jtt : Yeah those are problems...environmental problem

Pakcam : Yeah...trash

Jtt : So when everybody use it then it become a pile of trash

Pakcam : Well..it depends on the person who use it, they can think away to keep the environment clean

Jtt : yes

Pakcam : But in general i guess people do not think that is annoying because they tend to consider the benefits of it. They think the price for health is much bigger than the price of this one sheet

Jtt : So do you think if someday this product is produced, people will buy this? Do you it will be success in the community?

Pakcam : People accept a product when they have an understanding about the benefits of it

Jtt : So which one better to distribute this product someday? Distribute it by kaders or distribute it by sellers?

Pakcam : It can work both ways. First you can distribute it by shops or kiosk cooperate with local government. if it just only by kaders then people will question why

Jtt : Really?

Pakcam : Yeah because they have to know where does it come from? What is the benefit of the produst? That is why you have to involve the local government

Jtt : Yeah..this is not for a sale yet...it is for test purpose only

Pakcam : Yes..yes...

Jtt : So..there must be many ways to communicate the informations here in Kanatang, right?

Pakcam : yes

Jtt : We heard from the women also that they heard some informations in the mosque

Pakcam : yeah

Jtt : That is one way to spread the information

Pakcam : yes

Jtt : What is the best way to provide the community with information? Like example when you want to do the fogging or the distribution of mosquito bednets

Pakcam : Well the best way is using the announcement letter, so you give it to every RT and they will give it to the neighborhood. When it is distributed from RT, it sort of like legal authorization that the activity is important because if you just said it informally, they just tend to ignore it

Jtt : How about sending sms? Do you do it here also?

Pakcam : You can use sms if it is for limited audience or in an emergency situation...but this is for limited audience, if it is for a big scale event, you should have an announcement letter

Jtt : Do they think sms is formal? Or do you use sms because it is cheaper? I mean what make you finally use sms to provide the information to the community?

Pakcam : Well..we seldom use sms because sometimes they question aboout it...is it a true information or not..because it is an informal way to communicate to them

Jtt : Oh so..

Pakcam : When you use letter it is more appropriate

Jtt : Yeah but you also use sms, why?

Pakcam : Yes we use it in emergency situation or as reminder to them about the event. They are officially get the letter and we followed by sending them sms

Jtt : Oh i see

Pakcam : yes

Jtt : So do you have question Sir?

Pakcam : Yeah, so as an organization we are really thankful for your coming here, to see the condition here and that is a trust for us here

Jtt : yes

Pakcam : And we do hope with what you have done so far, it can have a contribution to the society, to know the malaria and how to control it

Jtt : yes

Pakcam : Yeah..thank you for coming all the way and meet us here. We are the local government here is warmly welcome you and support your need in the terms of spreading the informations to the society

Jtt : And thank you Sir for having us here to do this interview

Pakcam : yes

Jtt : And for all the informations you provided us for this research

Pakcam : Yes..yes...your welcome